Mr. K. Madhava Kurup: ദേവികുളവും പീരുമേട്ടും താലൂക്കുകളിൽ ഓരോ കച്ചേരി മാത്രമേ ഉള്ളൂ. അവിടെ അതുകൂടാതെ കഴിയുകയില്ല. മങ്കൊമ്പിൽ ഗതാഗതത്തിനുള്ള അസൗകര്യംനിമിത്തം അവിടെ ഒരു കച്ചേരി സ്ഥാപിച്ചതാണ്. അതും നിത്താൻ ഇപ്പോഴും നിവൃത്തിയില്ല.

Mr. A. N. Satyanesan: ഇപ്പോഴും, ആധാരങ്ങൾ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്യുവാൻ വരുന്നതിന്റെ സംഖ്യ ഏകദേശം മുൻപു വരുന്ന സംഖ്യയുടെ പകുതിയോളം മാത്രമേയുള്ളൂ എന്നു കാണുന്നതുകൊണ്ട് ഇപ്പോഴുള്ള കച്ചേരികളിൽ പലതും കുറയ്ക്കാമെന്നുള്ള ഒരു അഭിപ്രായം, സൂക്ഷ്മമായ അന്വേഷണത്തിന്റെ ഫലമായി എനിക്കു തോന്നുന്നതു ശരിയാണോ?

Mr. K. Madhava Kurup: ഇപ്പോൾ രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്യാൻവരുന്ന ആധാരങ്ങൾ പകുതിയിൽ അധികം കുറഞ്ഞിട്ടുണ്ട് എന്നു പറഞ്ഞതു സൂക്ഷ്മമായ ഒരു അന്വേഷണത്തിന്റെ ഫലമാണെന്നു തോന്നുന്നില്ല.

President : The honourable member must realise that soon after the outbreak of the war there was a craze for buying properties at very high prices. Soon after the war there will be an equal craze for selling the properties at low prices. So there will not be any decrease in the number of documents to be registered.

Mr. N. Narayana Kurup : May I know whether these three Sub Registry Offices are self sufficient ?

Mr. K. Madhava Kurup : I do not understand the question.

Documents registered in Sub-Registry Offices.

83. ***Mr. A. N. Satyanesan :** Will the Government be pleased to lay on the table :

(*a*) a statement of the total number of documents registered in the years 1117, 1118 and 1119 in the various Sub-Registry Offices in the State ; and

(*b*) the number of documents registered in Sub-Registry Offices in the whole State for the period from Chingom 1120 to Medom 1120 ?

Mr. K. Madhava Kurup : (*a*) The *statement furnishing the required information is laid on the table.

(*b*) 3,72,137.

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APPENDIX II—*(contd.)*

No.	Description of item.		No. of copies.
26	Elementary Mathematics	Part II Tamil.	1,000
27	do.	,, III ,,	500
28	do.	,, IV ,,	300
29	Civics	,, I ,,	2,000
30	do.	,, II ,,	900
31	do.	,, III ,,	900
32	Agriculture	,, III ,,	300
33	World Geography	,, I ,,	500
34	do.	,, II ,,	1,100
35	Nature Study	,, I ,,	500
36	do.	,, II ,,	500
37	Stories from Travancore History		,, 1,000
38	Travancore Geography		,, 1,000
39	Teaching of Geography		,, 500
40	Reader	No. I	,, 7,000
41	do.	No. II	,, 8,000
42	Malayalam Reader	No. 1	1,00,000
43	Malayalam Copy Book.	No. 2	10,000
44	do.	No. 3	50,000
45	do.	No. 4	50,000
46	do.	No. 5	20,000
47	do.	No. 6	10,000
48	English copy preparatory class		20,000
49	do.	No. II	20,000
50	do.	No. III	15,000
51	do.	No. IV	10,000
52	Tamil copy	No. 2	5,000
53	do.	No. 3	4,000
54	do.	No. 4	2,000

Appendix III.

***Vide* Answer to Question No. 83.**

Statement regarding registry of documents.

Year.	*Number of documents registered.*
1117	4,56,134
1118	7,56,972
1119	6,37,273

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President: With reference to what fell from me the other day, I have received the following telegram from the Editor of the 'Deepika';

"To the Dewan President,
The Sri Chitra State Council,
Trivandrum.

We regret to have commented on the position taken by the Chair on the statement of a member in the Assembly basing on imperfect information. Now that we have the correct report before us both from the A. P. I. and our correspondent we withdraw the objectionable portion of the comment and tender our sincere apology and publish the same in today's paper."

The apology will be accepted.

GENERAL DISCUSSION OF THE BUDGET.

Mr. K. A. Raman Pillai: Sir, I was at the subject of the Perunchany Scheme the other day. The Perunchany Reservoir Scheme will solve the problem of irrigation in South Travancore and will enable South Travancore to supply the deficient quota of paddy to the other deficient areas. By the proposed reform in the land tax the majority of the cultivators will have to pay what is called a basic or a token tax only while a minority will have to pay Agricultural Income tax on a gradation basis. These are steps in the right direction, steps which will confer lasting benefits upon the country, steps for which the people of this country will ever be grateful to you steps Sir, for which your name will be writ in letters of gold in the annals of the history of Travancore.

Now a word about cocoanut cultivation. In this connection I am happy to see that a Cocoanut Committee has been constituted under the Travancore Cocoanut Committee Act, for the improvement of the Cocoanut industry and it is a source of gratification that the Indian Central Cocoanut Committee has established its headquarters at Alwaye. Much is expected of these Committees. Although it is the main stay of the people of Travancore, Cocoanut industry is not conducted on a scientific basis. In Ceylon, in Philippines and in the East Indies there are facilities for research and the industry is conducted on scientific basis. While the average yield in Ceylon is 5000 per acre annually it is only 2000 or so here. There must be ample facilities for research and the Industry must be conducted on a scientific basis. I am asking what the Agricultural department has done to increase the output of cocoanut. Have they at least taken a statistics to enable us to know whether there is an increase or a decrease in the yield of cocoanuts year by year. When there is draught in a particular year it will affect the production of the cocoanut trees for the succeeding 3 or 4 years. That is an important problem to which I invite the attention of the department of Agriculture.

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